

Unionists in Texas Urge FDR Free Browder

Chicago Labor Leaders Also Join Call for His Freedom

(Special to the Daily Worker)
CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—More of Chicago's outstanding trade unionists are swelling the ranks of the victory army a king for the freedom of Earl Browder.

Telegrams requesting the freedom of Earl Browder were sent today to President Roosevelt on his birthday by outstanding CIO leaders.

The regional director of the CIO, Fullerton Fulton, sent a telegram asking President Roosevelt to release Earl Browder, as did Albert Glenn, James Doherty, and F. J. Michel. Field Representatives of the CIO for Cook County and Chicago. Telegrams were also sent by Ernest De Maio, international representative of the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, and by Robert Travis, second vice-president of the State CIO Council, and by Terry Kandal, president of Local 718, United Auto Workers. Edith Miller, a member of Local 24 of the United Office and Professional Workers, also sent a telegram.

APPEAL ON BIRTHDAY

Mr. Fulton sent the following telegram to President Roosevelt: "Organized labor is asking that you release Earl Browder. We feel that he has more than paid for any offense that he may have committed and in justice we ask you to release him from any further punishment."

"May all your birthdays and all the days between them be happy ones."

"Fullerton Fulton, Regional Director, CIO."

The telegram signed by Albert Glenn, also addressed to President Roosevelt, was as follows:

"On this occasion of your 60th birthday organized labor is appealing to you for the release of Earl Browder. We feel that he has more than paid for the offense for which he was convicted and in justice and fairness we ask you to release him from any further punishment."

A telegram similar to this one was sent individually by F. J. Michel, James Doherty, Terry Kandal, and Edith Miller.

Ernest De Maio and Robert Travis individually sent the following telegram: "No better birthday present can be given you, President Roosevelt, than the wholehearted support of organized labor. Organized labor can receive no better present than the release of Earl Browder."

TEXAS CIO LEADERS WIRE PRESIDENT

(Special to the Daily Worker)
HOUSTON, Tex., Jan. 30.—Five Texas CIO leaders and at least seven officials of Texas local CIO unions have wired President Roosevelt, urging freedom for Earl Browder.

Heading the list of outstanding CIO officers were M. J. Dineen, Texas Regional Director; A. N. Angelo, International representative of the Marine and Shipyard Workers; P. F. Kennedy, State CIO secretary; J. E. Crookland, executive secretary of the Oil Workers Union and Clyde Johnson, international vice president of the United Agricultural Packing and Allied Workers.

Local CIO officers who signed a petition addressed to the President included Rocky Davis of the State Council of the Oil Workers Union; L. F. Raff, SWOC; W. O. Tidman, Local 333 Oil Workers; John Roe, District 50, United Mine Workers; John McIntosh, Baytown NNU patrolman; E. J. Cunningham, Houston NNU patrolman; Clyde Drake, Houston NNU agent; Donald Kobler, UCAPAWA.

Meanwhile a conference of trade unionists has been called to meet

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Tune in On
Labor's Newsroom

Louis F. Budenz reports for the Daily Worker Wednesday through Sunday nights at 11 P.M. over Station WHOM (1480 Kc.).

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Daily Worker

NATIONAL UNITY FOR VICTORY OVER NAZI ENSLAVEMENT

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U-BOAT PACK SIGHTED OFF JERSEY



26 Billion for Navy Okayed By Senate Body

President Signs Bill for \$12,000,000,000 Fund for Army

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (UP)—A Senate appropriations subcommittee approved unanimously today a \$26,494,285,774 naval appropriation bill—largest in any nation's history—carrying nearly \$6,000,000,000 to be spent in the next 18 months for building the greatest fleet arm in the world.

The subcommittee action came shortly after President Roosevelt signed a \$12,355,000,000 appropriation bill carrying funds for 33,000 Army planes, of which 23,000 would be combat craft and the remainder trainers. This measure also authorized assignment of \$4,000,000,000 worth of planes for transfer abroad under the Lend-Lease program.

Mr. Roosevelt also signed a bill authorizing expenditure of \$775,000,000 for equipment and facilities in actual fact ousted the Italians from all strategic points in Greece and is now eliminating Italy from participating in the lot of the country.

According to information received here, Salonika and other Greek ports as well as Crete and the larger Aegean Islands are now garrisoned exclusively by Germans.

Germans also predominate in Athens.

By special order of the German headquarters, Italians are strictly forbidden to enter Crete. On instructions from the German command, the Italian garrison has been withdrawn from Lemnos Island where the German naval and air base has now been organized.

5 Killed as Japanese Down Passenger Plane

BATAVIA, Jan. 30 (UP)—Two passengers and three crew members were killed today when Japanese planes shot down a passenger plane of the Royal Netherlands Indies air line, the Netherlands Indies news agency announced today.

The agreement provides that the Allies will defend Iran (Persia) against aggression and will maintain land, air and sea forces in Iranian territory until six months after the war, it was said.

(Continued on Page 4)

Iran Alliance With USSR, Britain Signed

LONDON, Jan. 30 (UP)—The foreign office announced today that an Anglo-Soviet-Iranian alliance based on the Atlantic Charter and guaranteeing Iranian independence had been signed at Teheran.

The agreement provides that the Allies will defend Iran (Persia) against aggression and will maintain land, air and sea forces in Iranian territory until six months after the war, it was said.

(Continued on Page 4)

Tomorrow's Sunday Worker will feature an editorial estimating the significance of the Labor Victory Board.

In addition to full coverage of the news and special features, tomorrow's paper will mark the 18th anniversary of the founding of the Daily Worker with special articles by staff writers.

Nazis Ousting Italians from Greece Base

(By Wireless to Inter-Continent News)

ANKARA, Jan. 30—Having for-

mally recognized Greece as a "zone of Italian influence," Germany has

in actual fact ousted the Italians from all strategic points in Greece and is now eliminating Italy from

participating in the lot of the

country.

According to information received

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ports as well as Crete and the

larger Aegean Islands are now

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Red Army Medical Staff Lists Nazi Outrages

Names and Details in Orel and Uvarovo Areas Described

TERROR IN BALTICS

(By Wireless to Inter-Continent News)
MOSCOW, Jan. 30.—A document drawn up by several members of the Red Army Medical Staff describes the monstrous brutality of the Hitlerites in the village of Limovo in the Orel region.

By careful investigation and inquiry among the local inhabitants, it is estimated that in retreating from the village the Germans burned down 42 out of its 44 houses.

Twenty-five old men, women and children were forced into basements of two remaining houses. The Hitlerites then threw several hand grenades into the basements killing seven and wounding the rest.

Among the wounded are Alexandra Matseva, 14, her sister Maria, 12, her brother Alexander, 10, and another sister Faina, 9; Olga Silina, 15 and Maria Semerykhina, 12.

The document is signed by the chief of the field hospital, Dr. Shapiro, Chief Surgeon Khodolov, Drs. Lebedev, Kazakova and the Red Army man Berzumsky.

BESTIAL BRUTALITY

Another document describing the fascist bestiality in Uvarovo is signed by Zarubin, Pirsov, Proshnikov and other prominent citizens of Uvarovo and reads in part:

"On Dec. 12, 1941, Gregory Ivanov, Chairman of the village Soviet and two unknown Russians, both very haggard looking, were arrested by the fascist authorities and on the same night were hanged on telegraph poles near the railroad station."

The Germans removed their bodies only on Dec. 20 and threw them into a field near a brickyard.

On Dec. 20 the fascist commandant arrested local inhabitant Klimov and Korkin. They were questioned on the evening of Dec. 22 and immediately hanged.

On Dec. 25 a fascist group hanged two unknown Russians, both of them very haggard and with traces of beating and wounds in the face.

On Jan. 18, the Germans hanged Orlov, deputy to the district Soviet.

TORTURE PREGNANT WOMAN

On Nov. 11 the Germans arrested the woman chief of the maintenance department of the Uvarovo railroad section, Dreiman, then in the eighth month of pregnancy. Dreiman was stripped of clothing and for two days the fascists insulted and beat her.

On the 12th she gave birth but the baby died of cold for she was kept all day in a cold barn. On Nov. 18 Dreiman was shot by the fascists and her body thrown into the pond near the hospital.

On Jan. 6 the fascist officer stopped the son of a local inhabitant, Mamin, near his house and began removing the boy's feet boots. The boy cried and his father came out of the house to protest.

The officer shot him, took the boy's boots and left.

GERMAN ATROCITIES IN BALTIC REPUBLICS

(By Wireless to Inter-Continent News)
KUIBYSHKEV, Jan. 30.—A number of public men in the Baltic Republics have published the following declaration on German atrocities in Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia:

"German propaganda is circulating false inventions about the brutalities allegedly perpetrated by the Red Army, spreading provocative rumors alleging that when the Red Army was temporarily withdrawn from the Baltic countries it forced the civil population to evacuate from the Hitler occupied Baltic Republics.

"We, citizens of these republics, who witnessed the events of the war in the Baltic—Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia—express our profound indignation at this base fascist slander."

"It is the German fascist bandits who robbed the peaceful population and violated women. It is they who introduced to the civilized world the practice of mass murder of innocent people called hostages, who in their impotent rage wreaked vengeance on the Baltic peoples for their valiant sons and daughters who met the German fascists invaders with partisan bullets."

"It is the German fascist beasts who the very first morning of the war shelled and bombed the children's Pioneer camp on the Estonian border in the health resort of Palanga, where over two thousand children were vacationing."

"It is the German fascist barbarians who bombed and sunk near the Estonian shores the hospital ship 'Sibers,' carrying wounded and women and children evacuated from Estonia."

"It is the German fascists who near Riga, Vilnius and many other places machine-gunned the peaceful inhabitants as they were leaving the zone of military operations. Who but the German invaders placed women and children in front of their attacking troops?"

"The Baltic peoples are confident that the Red Army, which has temporarily withdrawn from the Baltic, will rout Hitler's hordes. The Lithuanians, Estonians and Letts will again be able to build their new life in the family of free peoples of the Soviet Union."

Japanese 18 Miles From Singapore

(Continued from Page 1)

Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor have fully recovered and have returned to duty."

JAPANESE VANGUARD 18 MILES FROM SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, Jan. 30 (UP).—Imperial troops fell back for a last stand on the Mayas mainland to the west of the vanguard of a Japanese army, 120,000 strong, pushed down the central railway to a station only 18 miles from Singapore Island.

Japanese bombers ranging on ahead of the invasion army and laying aerial siege to Singapore itself already had made a 20-mile-square battleground of the southwestern tip of Malaya, where the British were digging in for a supreme defense of the great Imperial base.

General headquarters acknowledged a Japanese advance to Kulai, on the Malaya railroad 18 miles from the north end of the big causeway over Johore Strait, while on the west coast the battle raged along the Puntian Besar River 20 miles northwest of the Strait.

On the east coast, where the fighting zone still was 38 miles distant, were the Imperial holding fast against mounting pressure everywhere on the front, a com-muniqué said.

The enemy forces, among them men of the Emperor's Guard and veterans of the China campaign, were advancing under a protective curtain of bombs and bullets from great formations of planes, which already had stepped up the attacks on Singapore to 100 miles to the northwest.

A communiqué said that fighting was "continuing" in Tenasserim, the narrow arm of Burma to the south where the Japanese have captured the airport of Tavoy, but there as well as in the Moulmein area the defenders were said to have the situation under control.

RAF headquarters announced that 12 out of 40 Japanese planes which raided the capital Thursday were shot down, with American volunteer pilots doing most of the damage.

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Foster to Address Newark Lenin Rally for Victory Tomorrow



Ford and Flynn Also to Speak At Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker)
NEWARK, Jan. 30.—Enthusiasm for the Unity for Victory Rally to be held here Sunday afternoon at 2:30 P. M. at the Mosque Theatre which William Z. Foster, Eugene Flynn and James W. Ford will address, is mounting among the workers of this city, leaders of the New Jersey Communist Party announced yesterday.

A record crowd is expected to fill the auditorium, which seats 4,000 persons.

The rally held in honor of Lincoln and Lenin will call upon the people of this community to join in the worldwide effort to defeat the Axis. It will also hear an appeal for the freedom of Earl Browder, out-standing anti-fascist who is now in leadership is needed in this hour of America's crisis.

"Lincoln and Lenin, living in two different historical periods," the call for the meeting declared, "played outstanding roles in creating those traditions which today sustain the democratic forces in all lands in their fervent determination to defeat fascist banditry and gangsterism. These traditions have been made a vital force through the work and teaching of that great American, Earl Browder.

In view of the record supplies of feed grains now available in this country and a prospective corn carryover of more than 600 million bushels next fall, there is no justification for recent price advances in the corn market," he added.

It is clear that food processors, wholesalers, and those dealing in speculative markets have pocketed a huge share of the recent increases in food prices.

According to the price control bill passed, the OPA cannot establish a maximum ceiling on any agricultural product or by-product until its price reaches the level attained at 110 per cent of parity, the price existing on Oct. 1 or Dec. 15, 1941, or the average price during the period 1919 to 1929.

Not only does this mean that food prices in general can rise another 14 per cent, but many products may rise even higher.

Behind these warnings to wholesalers on speculative hoarding is the knowledge that sugar refiners are holding back supplies, meat packers are raising prices while building additional warehouse space to take care of tremendous stocks.

The Department of Agriculture released on farm production stress the same refrain—food supplies are larger than they ever have been.

WICKARD RAPS FOOD RISE

"Production of most manufactured dairy products is expected to be larger this year than in 1941." "Hog production in 1942 will set a new all-time record." "Supplies of feed grains, hay and high protein feeds are the largest in more than 20 years"—these are typical statements of the New York locals at Hotel McAlpin.

Y. S. Secretary of Agriculture

Fur Union Sends \$250 To FDR Paralysis Fund

A contribution of \$250 for the President's Paralysis Fund was sent yesterday by the International Fur and Leather Workers' Union, CIO, in accordance with the decision of a joint meeting of executive committees of the New York locals at Hotel McAlpin.

Morris U. Schapiro

OUR ALLY, THE SOVIET UNION

Robert Minor

DESTROY HITLER, FREE GERMANY

An Appeal by German Communists

BREAD AND A STONE

Airah Beatz

THE SOVIETS EXPECTED IT

Anna Louise Strong

Paper Edition Complete

LETTERS FROM THE TOMBS

Morris U. Schapiro

THE NATIONAL QUESTION

Joseph Stalin

MISSION TO MOSCOW

Joseph E. Davies

THADDEUS STEVENS

Elizabeth Lawson

WORK UNDER CAPITALISM AND SOCIALISM

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An Appeal by German Communists

BREAD AND A STONE

Airah Beatz

THE SOVIETS EXPECTED IT

Anna Louise Strong

Paper Edition Complete

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OUR ALLY, THE SOVIET UNION

Chicago CIO Hails Murray, Flays Lewis

Delegates Unanimously Approve Unity with AFL on War Effort

(Special to the Daily Worker)
CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The Chicago Industrial Union Council met last night and unanimously pledged support to President Philip Murray on labor unity and to strengthen action for local unity.

The 250 delegates at the Council meeting represented 250,000 CIO workers in this area, the second largest in the country.

The Chicago Council, as had the State Council at its meeting a week ago, firmly rejected John L. Lewis's "unity" maneuver. It unanimously endorsed united action between the AFL and CIO, approved President Murray's official statement on the procedure to be followed to obtain unity, endorsed whatever actions Murray and the Executive Board may take on unity, and specifically endorsed Labor's Victory Board.

CONDENM LEWIS'S ACTION
In discussion on the resolution, president of the Council Samuel Levin, Fullerton Fulton, CIO regional director, and Ernest De Malo, emphatically greeted Murray's position and condemned Lewis's action. Mr. De Malo, international representative of the United Electrical Workers, pointed out that a strong stand on the resolution is necessary because of the political implications involved in Lewis's action, which, he charged, was directed not only against Murray, but against the labor movement and President Roosevelt.

Lewis's proposal, he said, would have brought turmoil into the labor movement and disrupted the war effort. Furthermore, he pointed out, "Lewis sleeps in the same political bed with the foremost appeasers and isolationists."

The Council also unanimously approved establishment of the Labor Committee on Civilian Defense for the Chicago metropolitan area, composed of AFL-CIO-Railroad Brotherhoods leaders.

The Council approved the labor committee's work in calling the Jan. 6 Labor Unity Conference and the resolution adopted at that meeting. The resolution called for increased war production, maintenance of morale, and urged unions to end jurisdictional disputes.

The council pledged to adhere to that resolution.

A recommendation by Albert Glenn, Field Representative, urged every local to form a victory committee and every international union to establish a committee to coordinate this work.

FREE BROWDER

Another resolution passed unanimously was introduced by the Executive Board, it urged President Roosevelt to free Earl Browder "in the name of justice and fair play."

The delegates agreed that a communication be sent to Leon Henderson, Mayor LaGuardia, Governor Green, and Mayor Kelly requesting labor representatives on national and local rationing boards.

The Packinghouse Workers Organizing Committee recommended every union establish a war relief committee, and that a CIO conference be called in the 1st, 3rd and 4th Congressional Districts on the South Side to formulate a CIO program by which the records and pledges of candidates in the coming elections might be judged, and men favorable to labor be approved.

Office Union to Hold Victory Assembly Today

More than 300 delegates from all New York locals of the United Office and Professional Workers of America, CIO, will take part in the Victory Assembly which will be in session all day today at Fraternal Clubhouse, 110 W. 48 St.

The Assembly will map out a program of special tasks for the organized white collar workers in the war effort.

The Assembly, which opens at 9:30 this morning, will be divided into three sessions. Following special panel discussions this morning, a luncheon session will be addressed by Senator James M. Mead, New York City Councilman Clayton A. Powell, and Arlene Francis, stage and radio star. Lewis Merrill, president of UOPWA, will be chairman of the luncheon session.

The afternoon session will feature the reports of the panel discussions and develop general discussion from the floor.

Delegates to the Assembly represent more than 12,000 organized white collar workers in New York City.

South Africa Orders Death for Saboteurs

CAPETOWN, South Africa, Jan. 30. (UPI)—The government announced today, after the reported dynamiting of power lines in the Transvaal gold area, that effective immediate death would be the penalty for sabotage.



—Frederick Wright in the National Maritime Union's "Pilot."

HOME FRONT An Editorial Reprinted from the National Maritime Union's 'Pilot'

"American labor can no longer afford the luxury of silence on questions involving civil liberties," the CIO National Maritime Union organ, "The Pilot," declared in its latest issue in an editorial calling for the immediate release of Earl Browder.

Full text of the editorial, titled "The Home Front," follows:

We can win this war and still lose the peace that follows it. Very little will have been gained by wiping out the hordes of Hitler and the Mikado if we allow Nazi-minded natives like Martin Dies, Hearst and Lindbergh to destroy our civil liberties on the home front.

Twenty years ago we won a war which was supposed to have made the "world safe for democracy." Yet, shortly after that war was over, the Shipping Board and the shipowners smashed our union, slashed wages and destroyed our living standards.

This must not happen again. We can prevent it from happening providing we jealously guard our civil liberties on the home front while our soldiers are doing the job on Hitlerism on the foreign front. Instead of allowing the newspapers and radio to hand down our opinions "tailor made," we'll have to learn to analyze events more for ourselves.

Several weeks ago when the "Pilot" published an editorial calling upon President Roosevelt to issue a pardon for Earl R. Browder, national secretary of the Communist Party, the newspapers screamed like they used to when we asked for a wage increase.

Nazi Agents Ousted from Drug Firm

Treasury Takes Control Over Pharmaceutical Plant in Jersey

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (UPI)—Dr. Julius Weltzien, president, and seven other employees of the Schering Corp., Bloomfield, N. J., were ordered by the Treasury Department today to stay away from the Schering pharmaceutical plant and to cease communication with other employees without the Treasury's consent.

The firm manufactures anti-shock vaccines, hormones, sulfa compounds and other pharmaceutical products necessary to the war effort. The suspension order also blocked the personal accounts of the eight men.

The Treasury said the suspensions "smashed completely a long range German scheme to control an important segment of the pharmaceutical market in the Western Hemisphere." The United States will take advantage of research now under way in Schering laboratories.

Besides Weltzien, whose salary was \$60,000 a year, the others suspended included Ernst Hammer, promotion manager; Hans Erdmann, director of engineering and maintenance, and Martin Bernhardt, comptroller and head of the legal department.

The Treasury reported that in 1938 Weltzien was president of the second largest pharmaceutical corporation in Germany. He came to the United States, it was said, to keep the company in a strong economic position.

The Treasury charged that the company used its facilities to raise foreign exchange for the Nazi regime. The Treasury blocked Schering's funds last June and in December sent its own representatives into the plant to supervise production.

Job's Only Half Done

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 30.—Because the city council changed the name of Mussolini St. to Russo St. (in honor of Alberto Russo, 19, of Cranston, first Rhode Islander of Italian extraction to give his life in the present war) business men today began a campaign to have the names of Togo and Oyama Sts. changed.

Brazil Moves To Curb Axis 5th Columnists

Bolivia Envoy in Tokio Ordered to Return in Hemisphere Unity

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 30 (UPI)—The Brazilian government today took further repressive action against Axis aliens.

City police at Sao Paulo, which contains one of the largest Italian communities in America, closed the Italian newspaper *Fanfulla* and ordered German, Italian and Japanese nationals to register within 15 days.

In La Paz, Bolivia, the Foreign Office instructed its consul general to Tokio, Jose Luis Saravia, to ask for his passport immediately and to place himself under protection of the Argentine embassy. Bolivia severed relations with the Axis Wednesday after the Japanese legation had delivered a warning against consequences of such an act.

The press of Latin America expressed approval of the Ecuadorian-Peruvian boundary agreement as a move to remove threat of war from the Western Hemisphere. The dispute settlement was followed by Ecuador's diplomatic break with the Axis, leaving Argentina and Chile as the only Western Hemisphere republics still maintaining diplomatic relations with Germany, Italy and Japan.

The defense of Schneiderman's citizenship does not necessarily indicate our agreement with his political views but rather that we feel that the individual liberty and rights of every American citizen are at stake.

To secure unity in the midst of the American war against world tyranny, we must not create dissension in the ranks of our foreign born and naturalized citizens, who are more than willing to do their share to defeat fascism.

Los Angeles Union Backs Schneiderman

Furniture Local Warns of Danger for Foreign Born

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 30.—A strong stand against creating dissension among foreign born and naturalized American citizens was taken by the CIO United Furniture Workers local 576, today as it went on record opposing revocation of the citizenship of William Schneiderman, state secretary of the Communist Party.

Congratulating Wendell Wilkie for the stand he has taken in opposition to the revocation which comes up for review by the United States Supreme Court soon on appeal, the local declared:

"This is a vital test case possibly affecting every naturalized American, who, like Schneiderman, has obtained his citizenship and who has committed no crime and is not charged with the violation of any law of our land."

The revocation proceedings against Schneiderman are based upon his membership in the Communist Party at the time he obtained his citizenship.

"Cancellation of Schneiderman's citizenship would establish a dangerous and decidedly un-American precedent and would permit court review and cast a doubt upon the citizenship of 5,000,000 naturalized Americans, thereby reducing them to second class status," the furniture workers stated.

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To secure unity in the midst of the American war against world tyranny, we must not create dissension in the ranks of our foreign born and naturalized citizens, who are more than willing to do their share to defeat fascism.

Unionists in Texas Urge FDR Free Browder

Chicago Labor Leaders Also Join Call for His Freedom

(Continued from Page 1)

here Sunday to organize a union committee to free Browder.

VLADECK TENANTS SAY "FREE BROWDER"

The Executive Board of the Vladeck Tenants League, an organization of tenants occupying the Vladeck Houses, voted unanimously to inform President Roosevelt of their "approval of the work of the Citizens' Committee to Free Earl Browder, and urges that you should recognize the splendid work of this foremost American fighter against fascism by giving him a Executive pardon on your birthday, Jan. 30."

The Vladeck Tenants League declared that while Mr. Browder's political views are not necessarily theirs, he has been "punished far beyond reason for the 'crime' for which he was convicted."

"We have great faith in you, Mr. President," the letter to President Roosevelt read, "and we are confident that you will continue the tradition of American justice and fair play, and by Executive clemency, free Earl Browder."



R.A.F. Bombs Chemical Works in Sicily: This picture, approved by the British censor, shows the results of a Royal Air Force attack on the chemical works at Catania, Sicily. Reports submitted with this picture told of a factory destroyed and a train being hit at the railroad station.

Murray Calls on House to Dissolve Dies Committee

CIO Resolution Says Action Would Be Service to U. S.

(Continued from Page 1)

discontinuation of the Dies Committee as urged by the CIO Executive Board would "best protect the interests of the nation and assure the maximum national war effort."

Rep. Dies last week introduced a resolution extending the life of his committee until Jan. 3, 1943 which if passed will be followed by another resolution asking the House for an additional \$100,000 for the disruptive activities of the Dies Committee follows:

Whereas, (1) The record of Chairman Dies of the House Committee to investigate un-American activities has been one of the most sordid and reprehensible in the annals of the American Congress in that the name and the status of the House Committee have been used:

(2) Chairman Dies has most carefully refrained from having the House Committee really investigate the un-American activities and influences within this country at any time during the history of the committee, except to the extent of announcing such investigations immediately prior to a request for more funds, which, upon the appropriation of the same, the announced investigations are discontinued; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Executive Board of the CIO recommends to the House of Representatives, in the interest of our nation and in order to achieve the national unity so earnestly desired by most Americans, which policy, if continued, merely offers aid and comfort to the Axis powers; and

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WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT AN AIR RAID

(This is the fourteenth of a series)

By Lawrence Emery

More About Protective Measures Against High Explosive Bombs

Indoors during a bombing, the safest part of a room is near an inside wall out of direct line with a door or a window.

Barring a direct hit, one of the greatest dangers indoors is from flying glass. **KEEP YOUR WINDOWS OPEN DURING A BOMBING.** They offer less resistance to blast when open.

Londoners have found that the best protection against flying glass is offered by hanging a heavy rug or blanket loosely across the window inside.

Another good method is to coat the window with glue or paste and then cover it with cheese cloth or other netting material. Skylights with heavy glass can be similarly treated with burlap glued to it. The burlap can be painted over to block out the skylight, and as a final precaution, a wire netting can be strung underneath to catch any pieces of falling glass.

Londoners have also learned that it is wise, in your own home, to get under a good strong table, or under the stairs.

For full particulars on what to do in your own home, New Yorkers should procure a copy of "Your Home as a Shelter" which is available from the British Library of Information at 30 Rockefeller Plaza at 10 cents a copy.

Major LaGuardia announced last week that Washington officials have decided not to construct public shelters in this country.

In New York City a committee appointed by the Mayor is conducting a survey of all buildings in the city and dividing them into eight categories of structures, according to their safety. It is planned to give all tenants and occupants of buildings in the city full instructions on the safest parts of their building or, if unsafe, the nearest safe building. If you have not received such instructions, consult your nearest air raid warden post.

Most of the city's subway system is unsafe as a shelter. They are too close to the ground, and they are in danger of flooding. Many cellars and basements are also unsafe for the same reason. Find out now where the safest part of your building is, or how to reach the nearest safe shelter in your neighborhood.

Noted Singers Join 'Daily' Fete, Feb. 8

Minor to Speak at Paper's 18th Birthday Party; Mike Gold Too

The fine voices of the Ukrainian Chorus have been added to the list of entertainers who will appear at the Eighteenth Anniversary celebration of the Daily Worker which will be held Sunday afternoon, Feb. 8, at Manhattan Center, the committee on arrangements announced yesterday.

Robert Minor, acting secretary of the Communist Party, will address the celebrants and bring greetings to the noted labor newspapers on behalf of the National Committee of the Communist Party.

Other outstanding speakers who will appear include Art Young, veteran working-class artist, Mike Gold, Daily Worker columnist, and Louis F. Budenz, president of Freedom of the Press Co., Inc., and Ben J. Davis, Jr., secretary-treasurer of the publishing concern.

In addition to the Ukrainian Chorus, other entertainers scheduled to appear are Ruth Fremont, operatic singer, Laura Duncan, popular singer and several other well known artists.

Tickets are on sale at the Workers Bookshop, 50 E. 13 St.

Hunter College to Give Courses on Civilian Defense

Hunter College will mark the silver anniversary of its evening and extension division by introducing 22 courses related to civilian defense and the war effort in its spring semester, it was announced yesterday by Acting Director Samuel W. Patterson.

The defense and war courses will be open to interested citizens, military men and housewives.

Many of the courses, Dr. Patterson said, are designed for persons who desire "to serve the community" by organizing discussion groups or by helping persons develop useful skills."

Four hundred other regular courses are offered by the college.

Registrations will be taken at the Park Ave. building from Feb. 3 through Feb. 5 from 2 to 4 P. M. and 7 to 9:30 P. M.

"On the following Thursday another plane circled us and our mate gave him the old boy scout stuff with a couple of wig wag things. They failed to understand, but dropped a bottle with note saying 'If you need help hold your arms horizontally.'

All men got off with the exception of a sailor who fell into the water while trying to get into the other boat and was crushed by

"So the mate stood on the thwart and three of us held him while he held his arms horizontally."

The plane circled us for another hour and a half, dropped a smoke flare to determine our drift, then flew away.

"Meanwhile we'd been sailing for more than a week. The 2nd Mate, William John deserves the highest praise for the good job of navigation he did with nothing but a lousy lifeboat compass, his knowledge of our position, and the North Star. He knew his stuff."

"With the food they dropped, we were in pretty good shape. But William Morris, the 2nd Cook deserved plenty of credit. He got in the boat with no clothes and a bum leg. He was the most uncomfortable by far. But he made no complaint, was always cheerful and ready to keep others cheerful, and always willing to do his part to help work the boat."

"On the ninth day — Friday morning, Dec. 28 — after we'd spent Christmas day bobbing up and down on the waves another plane circled us for two hours and dropped a note saying a coast guard cutter was en route to pick us up. 'Hang on a little longer.'

"At about 3 A. M. Saturday the 27th, the 2nd Mate sighted a plane with its running light on searching for us. He couldn't find his flashlight, so he hollered to me: 'Hey, Deck, for Pete's sake shoot that flare. Here's a plane.'

"We'd been swamped once and had used the can which contained the pistol and flares as a bailer. The can was lost, so I grabbed the gun and hollered to Fireman Steven Jarrett to hand me the last flare, which was stored in a biscuit can to keep it dry."

"I fired the flare — a red parachute flare — and the plane came back. He flew over us with his landing lights on to see who we were. Then he started dropping white flares to guide the rescue ship."

"I was still skeptical about being picked up, so I suggested we light the lantern and save the last two Coston flares, as we might need them. We lit the lantern and held on the gun until the naval vessel which picked us up was almost alongside."

"That was at 5:30 A. M. Saturday morning, December 27th, after nine days, nine hours and 30 minutes in the lifeboat."

"The number two boat fared much worse. They were adrift eleven days, received no food from the sky, and lost two men — one the sailor who was crushed by lumber in the water, the other a man who died of exposure at sea."

"Monday's article will tell their story."

PLANE DROPS FOOD

"Saturday another plane circled us and dropped food and a note giving us our position. Sunday another plane dropped two boxes of food, a supply of water and a note.

"But we didn't find the note until Tuesday. It was wrapped around the handle of a five gallon can and we didn't think to take the tape off."

"The note informed us that assistance was on the way, and gave us our position. But it wasn't much use by that time since it was two days old."

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CAREFUL OF APPEARANCE

"It's a pleasure to go out with the paper once you know how good it feels to sell it to people who want to learn the truth," she says.

Not only does this Browder Brigader work hard at her own job but she has successfully engaged

CIO Union Votes Longer Day to Speed Production



'Bayou Battalion' Joins Marines: Members of the "Bayou Battalion," recruited by the United States Marine Corps from the swamplands of southwest Louisiana, line up in front of New Orleans city Hall for a pep talk from Major Meigs O. Frost, a Marine public relations officer, after taking a mass oath of allegiance to the flag.

'Hang On a Little Longer,' And Most of Them Did

A Story of Courage and Victory in a Lifeboat After Sinking of Rimassa

By Mike Quin

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—Elmer C. Rimassa looks as if he was built to withstand heavy punishment, and to deal it out if the occasion called for.

The occasion called for it all right on the evening of Dec. 17 when a Japanese submarine crashed a torpedo into the port side of the S. S. "Manini."

But an unarmed freighter in mid-Pacific, attacked without warning, had no chance to hit back.

Rimassa was deck engineer of the "Manini," somewhere in the Pacific at 6:40 P. M. that night.

"I was lying on the settee in my room," he said. "Bernard Lashkin, the officers' messboy, and my room mate, Melvin James were there too. We were listening to the Eddie Carson program on the radio.

The ship took a terrific shock. "What the hell is that?" Lashkin asked.

"That's it, son. We've been torpedoed!" I told him. I just knew it instinctively. I stepped outside the room and took a look at. A wave swept the poop deck and I saw the main mast was down. The explosion had also knocked the life ring off the poop, and the waterline gave us a eerie red glow over the white scene.

"I stepped back into the room and said: 'Come on boys, get the hell off her.' I grabbed my coat, and reached for my lifebelt, gave it one yank, but it stuck. So I left it.

"Then I ran to the boat—the number one boat—and helped her get away."

The "Manini," like most freighters, had two lifeboats. They had better luck than the "Lahaini" and managed to get them both over the side.

SANK IN 11 MINUTES

"There were twelve men in our boat," said Rimassa. "The 2nd Cook had only his undershirt and a lifebelt—that's all. And he weighs about 200 pounds. He didn't have time to grab anything else. The ship stood on her stern in 6 minutes and was out of sight in 11

"We rode to a sea anchor all that night, and the next day the ocean was just as empty as the ocean can be. Neither the sub, nor the other boat, nor anything at all was in sight but the ocean.

"So we didn't answer. Later we found out the other boat had not done any signaling, but had maintained the blackout the same as we did.

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"Then I ran to the boat—the number one boat—and helped her get away."

The "Manini," like most freighters, had two lifeboats. They had better luck than the "Lahaini" and managed to get them both over the side.

SANK IN 11 MINUTES

"There were twelve men in our boat," said Rimassa. "The 2nd Cook had only his undershirt and a lifebelt—that's all. And he weighs about 200 pounds. He didn't have time to grab anything else. The ship stood on her stern in 6 minutes and was out of sight in 11

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Daily Worker

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SUNDAY WORKER	1.00	1.75	3.00

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1942

An Advance at Rio de Janeiro

Down at the Rio de Janeiro conference which has just concluded, the cause of the anti-Hitler front was appreciably strengthened. The Axis and its agents suffered a defeat, even though they were able, through Argentina's President Castillo, to dilute some of the conference's actions.

But popular anti-Axis pressure is so strong throughout South America that not even the Castillo government could dare to refuse signing the conference's formal decision to break off diplomatic, commercial and financial relations with Berlin, Tokio and Rome.

Thus all twenty-one Latin American countries have signed the anti-Axis statement together with the United States. The majority of these countries have already announced formal severance of relations with the Axis. That the people of Argentina and Chile are at one with their neighbors in hating the Axis is a foregone conclusion. In Argentina, only a severe suppression of all political expression disguised as a "state of siege" prevents the population from expressing its anti-Hitler sentiment.

Thus, a real step forward has been taken toward hemisphere unity. The machinations of the fascist Franco, acting as a bridgehead for Nazi Berlin, have been balked despite the most intense espionage, propaganda and sabotage by the Axis agents. The peoples of Latin America have not failed to recognize the true menace of Hitlerism to their independence.

It now remains that the gains made at Rio shall be extended through economic help to Latin America by the United States, and through the strengthening of their democratic movements. Treating the Latin American countries as full equals of the United States is the surest way to rout Hitler and his agents. A good beginning has been made.

Casualty List At Home

Add 34 names to that long, long list of men who have gone down into the mines and failed to return alive.

The latest mine disaster—this time in the State of Colorado—again testifies to the shocking inadequacy of mine inspection and mine protection.

The seemingly endless series of mine deaths over the years cries out for a firm hand against that greed of many mine owners which places dollars before lives.

Arrogant Profiteering By Railroads

"The public be damned" morality which has been traditional with the railroads now seems to be remodeled, to suit the national emergency, into "Defense be damned."

With a cool arrogance which it would be hard to match, the railroads entering New York City are demanding a 10 per cent increase in passenger and commuter rates.

There is not the slightest excuse in rhyme or reason why the roads should either demand or receive higher rates at this time other than the crass motive of gross profiteering.

Every single road which is demanding increase is reporting huge profits increases since last year. The following roads are demanding rises:

Pennsylvania (Long Island)—1941 net profit of \$97,000,000 is 11 million dollar increase over last year.

Baltimore and Ohio—1941 net profit of \$21,000,000 is a 15 million dollar increase over last year.

Delaware and Hudson—1941 profit of \$8,500,000 is a 3 million dollar increase over last year.

Thus these roads now demanding a 10 per cent rate increase show profit increases ranging from 12 to 300 per cent during 1941.

On top of that, the roads are enjoying the biggest traffic business in their history, a business which will grow still greater as the tire shortage begins to take effect. The roads are deliberately soaking the American people and the United States government by taking advantage of the war crisis in the country. If this is not an impediment to efficient defense then we do not know the meaning of the words.

We hope that the commuters in New York, as well as all citizens and trade union groups will immediately raise a clamor to halt this rate profiteering. Instead of gouging the people and the government, it is high time that the railroads are compelled to do their duty by hiring more railroad workers, and by coughing up some of their huge profits in heavier income taxes. Heavier taxes on the roads have been long overdue. Now is the time to apply them.

Symbolic Birthday Parties

Last night's birthday parties in hundreds of cities were a token of respect, in which this paper is glad to join, to America's war President.

Mr. Roosevelt's birthdays have come to be celebrated over the years by millions of people as a symbol of the fight on the dread disease of infantile paralysis. Although much progress has been made in combatting the disease and in helping its victims, the problem is still a formidable one, requiring greater efforts by the federal government itself. There are still far too many people—especially among the Negro people—for whom no assistance has yet been provided.

The country would do well to regard last night's parties in honor of the President's birthday as only the beginning of a nationwide program of aid for paralysis victims to be achieved during the coming year.

Why the Russians Fight So Bravely and Well

Those Soviet fighters, sweeping across areas waist-deep in snow to scatter and smash the "invincible" invaders, have won the acclaim of much of the American press. Monday's Herald Tribune hails them as "those surprising Russians." PM of the same day, in a lengthy editorial by Ralph Ingersoll, characterizes what the Soviet peoples and the Red Army have accomplished as "a miracle."

Why this astounding achievement? asks Ingersoll and he answers: "It was done by morale and morale alone." PM's editor finds that this morale arose from "intense patriotism," a patriotism "based on the great solid foundations . . . of the individuals' confidence in his country and its future."

There is truth in such a judgment, though it does not explain the "why" of this undying confidence. That rock-like faith in their country and its future which moves every man, woman and child in the Soviet Union is the Socialist character of the country they are defending. The multi-national peoples of the Soviet Union know that this land and all its treasures are THEIR OWN, to have and to hold forever for the benefit of all the people.

It was this unshakable faith, forged in the mighty struggle for collectivization under the leadership of Stalin, which caused the springing up of the giant industries in the Urals and Soviet Central Asia. It was this granite-like confidence in their Socialist country which conquered Tzarist-imposed illiteracy in an incredibly short span of time, which dotted the land with schools and libraries and brought forth a science-seeking people.

In his notable address on Jan. 21 (which was published in yesterday's Daily Worker) A. S. Shcherbakov, one of the outstanding Soviet leaders, presents a stirring confirmation that the strength of the Soviet Union lies in its Socialist character. Out of that character has emerged a "country of freedom-loving working people, the country of workers, peasants and working intellectuals." It is a country whose farmers, knowing "the joy of prosperous collective farm life and free labor, will never allow themselves to be turned into slaves"; a country in which "there is no inequality among the peoples," where there is neither a superior nor an inferior race.

This Socialist country, the Soviet Union, has met a far greater onslaught than any other country has experienced in this war. Against it has been hurled the *material* of all Europe and armies trained in military success.

The fight of the Soviet Union has been on a higher level of national unity than any other country (as Ingersoll testifies) because it has represented the best interests of all the peoples in that Socialist economy which has made the government, the land, the factories and the Red Army THE PEOPLE'S OWN.

Tomorrow Is the Day!

Tomorrow the drive opens to raise the national circulation of the *Sunday Worker* to 120,000.

The widest participation of trade unionists, progressives and anti-fascists throughout the country will provide the guarantee that this drive for winning thousands of new readers for the *Sunday Worker* will be a success.

Recognizing the vital importance of this campaign, both the National Committee of the Communist Party of the U. S. and the New York State Committee of the C. P. have already swung into action with a call to the membership to support the *Sunday Worker* drive.

With certain sections of the American press still manifesting appeaser hangovers, the role of the *Sunday Worker* in the present world crisis becomes especially important—in the fight for national unity, for the battle of production, for the defeat of the Axis powers.

With confidence in their loyal response, we call upon our friends and readers to enlist with their fullest energies in this campaign—to the end that 120,000 Americans may be enrolled as regular readers of your paper—the *Sunday Worker*!



Surprise and Swift Penetration Broke German Defenses on Northwest Front

By Colonel V. Derman

(By Wireless to Inter-Continent News)

MOSCOW, Jan. 30.—The offensive operations of the Red Army units on the northwestern front were very carefully prepared. As is known, more than four months ago the German advance was checked throughout the northwestern front.

Encountering stubborn resistance, the enemy changed to the defensive and began to fortify their positions. Occupying a favorable line of defense, the fascists converted every elevation and inhabited point into strong centers of resistance. The front line also afforded the enemy a number of advantages as it was convenient for bringing up reserves and launching surprise attacks. All these peculiarities were taken into account in drafting the plan of the Soviet offensive. All the preparatory work was carefully camouflaged; the regrouping of infantry and the bringing up of reinforcements were conducted at night or in unfavorable weather in the daytime.

As a result, the enemy was kept in ignorance as to the direction of the main blow. High mobility, which served as the basis of the plan, ensured the possibility of striking a simultaneous blow at several enemy centers of resistance. Important successes were gained from the very outset. The German defenses were broken simultaneously on a number of sectors. On the very first day, in spite of poor roads, blizzards and cold the Soviet troops advanced 20 to 25 kilometers.

Driving a wedge into the German position, the Red Army men successfully widened the breach, crushing the fascist points of resistance. In addition to a great number of small support points, the Germans had a number of big centers of resistance.

Peno, Andreapol, Toropets, Kholm and other towns were converted by the fascists into virtual fortresses. On one sector the Soviet artillery and infantry concentrated their main efforts in the direction of Peno, principal enemy center of resistance.

Colonel General Yeremenko's units advanced with particular difficulty due to the terrain, which was difficult for the offensive and favorable for the enemy defense. Nevertheless Yeremenko's forces successfully coped with their task and inflicted on the Germans a major defeat.

The Germans set fire to the museum and other towns were converted by the fascists into virtual fortresses. On one sector the Soviet artillery and infantry concentrated their main efforts in the direction of Peno, principal enemy center of resistance.

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At the same time the main forces of the Soviet units skirted a number of support points and unexpectedly appeared near Toropets. The Germans drew up reserves and threw themselves into battle, but were dislodged and put to flight.

As in previous battles, the Soviet artillery played a prominent part here, smashing the enemy back by direct fire. Summing up the first preliminary results of the battles, it must be noted that the general success of the Soviet troops was determined above all by the unexpectedness of the offensive and the correct choice of weak spots in the enemy defenses.

Suddenly and swiftly driving wedges into the German positions, isolating support points from one another and the subsequent swift advance of infantry supported by artillery, insured the possibility of striking a devastating blow at the enemy positions throughout their depth.

The German defense proved helpless in the face of such blows. The tactics of the cocksure and haughty fascist generals suffered one more major defeat.

The Andreapol operation was intended to encircle the enemy. After

But Yeremenko gave them added vigor and they moved on without pause.

In one day they covered 15 kilometers. They reached Borodino.

In vain the Germans wanted us to forget our great past. When I drove up to the Borodino Museum it was still ablaze, set afire by the Germans. Why had the Germans set fire to the museum before retreating? They wanted to destroy the memory of 1812 because 130 years later Borodino again became the heroes who, though dressed in different uniforms, are as Russian in spirit as ever.

They were spurred on by the words "our own army is back" and by the thought: our brothers are waiting for us.

It is not easy moving over the snowdrifts with the thermometer thirty below zero.

their defeat in preceding battles, the retreating enemy exerted every effort to get away from the pursuing Soviet troops and to organize a defense. In Andreapol the Germans apparently decided to stem the Soviet advance at any cost.

The fascist infantry, stationed in the forest southeast of Peno, counter-attacked, apparently calculating on the vulnerability of the Soviet flanks. But an advanced ski detachment beat back the German counter-attack.

After the battle in Peno the surviving fascists retreated southwest along the only road to Sobolovo. They were intercepted by the Soviet ski detachments and a few fascists saved themselves by fleeing to the forest.

The subsequent operations of the Red Army consisted in the pursuit and mopping up of the besieged enemy garrisons on the flanks. Thus, in the course of two days fighting, one Soviet unit succeeded with small losses in breaching the enemy defense and driving a wedge forty kilometers deep.

The enemy position in the direction of Kholm was broken through as the result of one swift blow at the most vulnerable spot. After battering down the advanced enemy fortifications the Red Army men immediately broadened the breach and blocked several small German support points.

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"I have always preached. That is the reason I have lasted thirty years. If the humor came of its own accord and uninvited, I may allow it a place in my sermon, but I was not writing the sermon for the sake of the humor. I should have written the sermon just the same, whether any humor applied for admission or not." (Dated July 31, 1906.)

Editor, Daily Worker:

Enclosed is a copy of a letter sent to President Roosevelt in the interest of the freedom of Earl Browder.

"In the approaching month of February, the Nation will honor the birth of Lincoln and Washington, great Americans who led our country in past crises.

"The most important lesson of past American victories in the times of Lincoln and Washington was national unity. The struggling Continental armies, ragged and hungry, were only able to achieve freedom and independence because of the unity of the people and the isolation of the Tory-Copperheads of those days. The G.A.R. likewise, smashed the slave-holders and set a new free because of the unity which President Lincoln inspired. One of the groups which supported Lincoln in the war to end slavery, were the American Communists of that day. In numerous letters to Lincoln, Karl Marx supported the Union and in his speeches and activities rallied the English people against the pro-rebel English aristocracy which attempted to use the Union blockade to sabotage the war efforts of the Union. A large number of American followers of Karl Marx entered the Union army and some became important high officers. This page of American history is not too well known, and it serves to enlighten our country today.

"In our efforts to win national unity today, every person, every political group, has a part to play. You have it in your power to help win the determination of our people by releasing Earl Browder. In past years his voice was among the first to warn our country of the danger of fascism. Released from prison he will be of great value in rallying the American people behind all efforts to win the war."

M. Y.

THE SECOND DAY OF BORODINO

By Ilya Ehrenburg

(By Wireless to Inter-Continent News)

KULIBYKHEV, Jan. 30.—"Not in vain is the day of Borodino, remembered by the whole of Russia," wrote Lermontov.

The Germans fled from Borodino and the Soviet fighters are hastening on. They saved 60 households in the village of Psarevo. They saved the Kutuzov monument in Gorki. In the village of Semenovskoye they saved a girl whom the Germans intended to carry off with them. They saved thousands of homes and tens of thousands of inhabitants.

They were spurred on by the words "our own army is back" and by the thought: our brothers are waiting for us.

It is not easy moving over the snowdrifts with the thermometer thirty below zero.

CHANGE THE WORLD



War News from the Production
Front: Why Not a Page
Of It Every Day?

By MIKE GOLD

EVERY American newspaper that really wants America and not Hitler to win this war, should devote a page daily to production news, I believe.

For years this has been the technique employed in the Soviet press. The Soviets had expected precisely the sort of invasion that now has taken place. Heavy industry and mass production were the main weapons by which the invaders could be met and crushed.

The battle for production, therefore, was judged as being actually part of the military war. The newspaper reports of production became as exciting as war bulletins. For the first time in history, in which a feudal and aristocratic concept of heroism had hitherto prevailed, the heroism of labor received the laurels of a great nation.

The name of Alexei Stakhanov, a working miner who perfected the technique of his own job, became almost a legend. A movement of Stakhanovites flourished of working people who studied technique and raised the norms of production. There were national competitions for production, between factory and factory, industry and industry, individual and individual.

Hundreds of ways of stimulating the workers were originated. In America, our Soviet-baiters and filthy careerists in anti-Soviet lying, looked with the usual sly eye upon this movement. It was nothing but a concealed sweat-shop drive, they said, masking itself as patriotism.

Today their lies are apparent to everyone. America is in exactly the same dangerous situation as the Soviet Union. It must hastily produce a world of tanks and planes, or perish.

Production is now a matter of national survival. It is as fully important as the fighting of brave General MacArthur and his heroic Philip and American troops. We dare not lose the battle of production, we must, like the Soviets, learn to win it, learn the technique of victorious production.

We have commenced to see that the "profit-as-usual" technique in industry might well lose this war and enable Hitler to take us.

The appointment of Donald Nelson as chief of an all-out coordinated war effort was the greatest step toward victory our country has made.

A general of production was necessary; now we have him. But is there not something still missing in the picture?

There seems to me a fallacious quality in the prevailing attitude toward this appointment. Everyone seems to believe that after the President appoints such a general, the people's part is a passive one. Nelson will study the set-up, reorganize it. Then he will snap the whip where needed.

But where are the workers, where are the people? They are supposed to be standing around, passively, without much representation in the management of this vast production. Their sole patriotic duty is to answer smartly when the whip cracks.

This is a non-heroic conception of labor. It will get out a large production, but will not draw forth the colossal and almost super-human speed necessary if we are to equip our MacArthurs in time, or furnish our allies in Russia, China and England with the arms that can crush the Axis on all the far-flung fronts.

No, the battle of production cannot be run, I believe, on the narrow path that rules Rolling Mill Six in the Pittsburgh division of U.S. Steel.

Our need bursts through all the bounds of profit production, which in America attained the most colossal figures in industrial history, yet are petty when compared to the demands of this war.

The heroism of our working class must be awakened. Here is the moral force which can win the battle for production, which, in turn, is the battle for America.

The organized labor movement, both AFL and CIO, has commenced to build the morale of production from the bottom up. We have not reached, however, the stage of the British labor movement, now rapidly converting itself to a Stakhanovite spirit.

The press and radio could initiate a mighty movement of this character in America by running a daily page of bulletins from the production front.

At first the news may seem mostly bad; there is still profiteering, business-as-usual, and much lack of understanding by workers and owners of the national peril.

But the good news is there, too; and can be dug out and blazoned forth as an example to the nation.

The Daily Worker, for example, happens to have about the best system of labor correspondents throughout America. It has working reporters in thousands of factories and mills. Their reports have shown many encouraging developments.

It is not only trade union locals and individual workers who are rising to the emergency. These reports, as printed in the Daily Worker, also furnish examples of employers and managers who are all-out against Hitler, and have adjusted themselves to the new demands on American industry.

The management of a Studebaker factory on the Pacific Coast, for example, made preparations for retooling in sufficient time. As the last pleasure car rolled off the belt, the whole factory was ready to take on the job of building tanks.

A manufacturer in Ohio was similarly cited in the Daily Worker for his patriotic fervor in turning his plant over speedily to war production.

There are many such examples, as well as the hundreds of stories of local trade unions that have performed some act of labor initiative in rationalizing and speeding war production.

This must be dramatized. This needs national publicity. It should not remain the monopoly of the Daily Worker. It is a page of bulletins that belongs in every newspaper that has its whole heart, without the snide reservations of former appeasers, in our war on the Axis.

The American soldier cannot win this war without the full devotion and burning heroism of the American worker.

We must win this war. We must not fail, through apathy, lack of imagination, habits of disunity and the like, into the state of mind that delivered Europe into the cruel hands of Hitler. We must use every method, we must stimulate the heroism of every man, woman and child. Nothing less can save us.

Music From Colombia and Brazil on WABC at 6 P.M.

Kenneth Spencer sings at 9:15 A.M. and Burt Ives at 11:15 A.M. WABC . . . WJZ features Metropolitan Opera, "Rigoletto," at 2 P.M. . . . Celebrities pay tribute to Walter Damrosch on WJZ, 9 P.M. . . . LOUIS F. BUDENZ, LABOR'S NEWSROOM, WHOM (1480) 11 P.M.

10-30-WEAF—The Wife Saver—Orchestra—WOR—Rainbow House—Juvenile Program
10-30-WNYC—Role of Science in War—Talk
11-30-WABC—Children's Parade—WOR—Children's Highway—Machas
11-30-WABC—Giant
WJZ—Rex Maupin's Band
WOR—Trans-Radio News
WNYC—Midway Symphony
WNYC—Music
11-15-WABC—God's Country—Million Bacon and Burt Ives
11-30-WEAF—America the Free—Arden's
Orchestra
WEAF—Ask Young America—Children's Forum
WOR—U.S. Army Band
WABC—Ninie Mac's Let's Pretend
11-30-WEAF—The Health of Your Health
12-30-WMCA—News: Magic Carpet
WEAF—News
WABC—News of Today
WNYC—Midway Symphony
WNYC—Luncheon Concert
12-15-WEAF—Consumers' Time
WABC—Lunch Counter Music
12-30-WEAF—Uta Chaser Interviews
WJZ—National Farm and Home Hour
WABC—Trans-Radio News
WNYC—Midway Symphony
12-30-WNYC—Victory Book Campaign—Oscar Levant and George Jessel, Guests
1-10-WEAF—Latinas in Rhythm
WOR—Latin-American Fair
WABC—Serenade from Buffalo

Riding the Air Waves In a War

Regular courses in Spanish and Portuguese were started last week by the Columbia Broadcasting System for the benefit of its New York employees.

As CBS made these classes available, in accenting the closer relationship between the Americas, 182 persons registered for the primary and advance studies. Lessons are held twice weekly, in the early evening, with individual sessions limited to an average of fifteen students.

Similar courses, started some time ago in WBBM, Columbia's key station in Chicago, have proved popular and highly instructive. Activities within CBS headquarters in New York, as the system prepared to open its new Latin American network, stimulated the eagerness of employees to master the neighbor republics' tongues.

The Columbia Broadcasting System has underwritten all tuition expenses.

A new prize award for radio writers was announced this week by Jean Hersholt, movie and radio star, author and bibliophile, to be known as the Dr. Christian Award.

Under its terms, the author of the outstanding radio script submitted between February 1 and "May 1 of this year will be awarded \$2,000 and the prize-winning script will be played early in June on the "Dr. Christian" radio program which is broadcast over Columbia network Wednesdays. (WABC-CBS, 8:30 to 8:55 P.M. EST).

This new radio writing award is similar to those given for novels, biographies and other literary works, and it is expected that the presentation will become an annual event.

Hersholt, star of the "Dr. Christian" radio series, said in discussing the announcement, "Radio needs new writers. It needs the inspiration of new ideas from persons in all walks of life. I hope that we shall be literally deluged with scripts."

Memo:

A stimulating essay on literature, never before published in English, will appear on tomorrow's Literary Page of the Sunday Worker. It is by the noted 19th century critic, Vissarion Belinsky, and is translated from the Russian by Samuel Putnam, who is well known to our readers. The article is entitled, "Free Nations and Free Literature." . . . The same issue will contain a review of "Stars and Strikes," a much discussed book on Hollywood and Labor. . . . Our art department has on deck a thorough review of "Eighteen Americans—1942," major art show at the Museum of Modern Art which will appear on this page in an early issue. . . .

This is Mr. Van Druten's theme, and he has evolved a fascinating play on its somewhat unsteady superstructure. Unsteady, because it is written by a man who is a materialistically-minded ex-convict invades the arroyo and takes over in true fascist style by force. Eventually, Virginia's parents learn of her escapade and notify the police. The tramp colony of four is routed out, but not before Virginia, having found her true love in Ben, has warned him in the middle of the night.

Ben, a gentle, philosophic tramp, who preaches the supremacy of mind over matter as he fondles a pet rat.

Ben's idealism is battered when a materialistically-minded ex-convict invades the arroyo and takes over in true fascist style by force. Eventually, Virginia's parents learn of her escapade and notify the police. The tramp colony of four is routed out, but not before Virginia, having found her true love in Ben, has warned him in the middle of the night.

What horrifies Virginia most is that her mother would burn Ben to death, although she has never seen him. The child becomes ill when Ben is arrested and does not recover until he is freed from jail by Virginia's father, who pays his fine. Ben assures her that their simple love for each other will remain with them through life, the play ends.

Obviously Mr. Van Druten's intentions were honorable. Ben, however, is not the correct symbol of humanism for happiness. His shiftlessness and external filthiness are not typical of the underprivileged. And whereas his idealism is balanced with good-humored cynicism, love is hardly all. Work, scientific planning, and the exorcism of greed must follow.

"Solitaire" is distinguished by the fine playing of little Patricia Hitchcock, daughter of Alfred Hitchcock, the British film director. Little Patricia is an actress to her finger-tips.

Most of the scenes rest solely with her, and she reveals emotional depth rare in a child. Victor Kilian, as Ben, succeeds in making his whimsical half-fantastic character a believable human being. Mr. Kilian's restraint is notable, in a role which might have been overdone. Virginia's parents, as played by Sally Bates and Ben Smith, are stiff, amus and shallow—criticism directed mainly toward Mr. Van Druten's slim characterizations. The settings, by Jo Mielziner, are among the best of the season. His arroyo cliff is as real as stagecraft can make it, and his Pasadena patio breathes with the sunshine of California's southland.

Despite its shortcomings, "Solitaire" is a provocative play, distinguished by the artistry of Miss Hitchcock and Mr. Kilian.

Instead of confining themselves as heretofore to week-end showings, the American Youth Theatre will present "Oz V We Sing" five times a week—i.e., Wednesday through Sunday evenings. Popular prices will prevail. Information concerning theatre parties may be secured by calling Miss Sylvia Siegler at Murray Hill 4-0978 after 5 P.M.

Youth Theatre Revue On B'way at Last

"Oz V We Sing," which has been enjoying an "off the beaten path" popularity at week-end showings at such miniature playhouses as the Main Theatre Studios and the Barbizon Plaza Theatre, moves to full-size quarters, with a full-sized, two-act edition, and a full-sized budget as the result of its recent successes.

The American Youth Theatre, a non-profit, n-wly incorporated organization which sponsors the musical, announces that it will open at the Concert Theatre (formerly on West 58th St. on Wednesday, Feb. 11.

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Master Sergeant McCarthy



This picture was taken at Marsh Field, Calif., when NBC's Master Sergeant McCarthy was made Master Sergeant in the U. S. Army Air Corps and promptly tried to sell Col. R. G. Weir a bombshell with a pen-shooter attachment.

'Solitaire' Reveals A Child Stage Star

SOLITAIRE, a new play by John Van Druten, from the novel by Edwin Cobbe. Staged by Dorothy Duggan, setting, by Jo Mielziner. Presented by Dwight Deers Wiman at the Plymouth Theatre.

By Ralph Warner

Something is wrong with the world, John Van Druten says in "Solitaire." Even the child of a banker can see that. The clear, pure vision of the child perceives the cant and the spiritual degeneracy of society. The child's steps lead her from the artificialities of her home on the heights down

into the depths of a Pasadena arroyo where outcasts live in Hooverville shacks. There she finds a simple-minded human being, a tramp who also sees clearly, because he owns nothing. She finds happiness with him, for he is kind, sincere, honest in his love. And it is this love which is the most vital human possession—it alone can cure the child of an incipient disease which already is beginning to ravage her mind.

This is Mr. Van Druten's theme,

and he has evolved a fascinating

play on its somewhat unsteady

superstructure. Unsteady, because

it is written by a man who is a

materialistically-minded ex-convict

invades the arroyo and takes over

in true fascist style by force.

Eventually, Virginia's parents

learn of her escapade and notify

the police. The tramp colony of

four is routed out, but not before

Virginia, having found her true

love in Ben, has warned him in

the middle of the night.

Ben, a gentle, philosophic tramp,

who preaches the supremacy of

mind over matter as he fondles

a pet rat.

Ben's idealism is battered when

a materialistically-minded ex-convict

invades the arroyo and takes over

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Ben's idealism is battered when

Brooklyn Licks Capital's Bias In Court Game

Local College Meets Crack Negro Five Tonight, Smashing Washington Jim Crow

The Brooklyn College basketball team combines with the team of North Carolina College for Negroes tonight to present the first Negro-white basketball game ever to be played in Washington, D. C.

This marks the third game with a Negro college to be played by Brooklyn College. The first, in which Artie Muscian's charges beat Hampton Institute on the Brooklyn Court in 1938, was the very first basketball game to be played between a Negro college and a regular college.

Last year a powerful Virginia Union aggregation beat the Brooklynites great veteran team in a game played in Harlem. (Last year's Brooklyn team beat St. Johns, Fordham and Manhattan among others, and lost to NYU by only one point at the Heights gym.)

Since Brooklyn broke the ice, there have been other Negro-white college games. Of the locals, St. Francis has played Lincoln University and LIU met Virginia Union

Both local were victorious in close games.

This year's Brooklyn College team, which embarks for Washington this morning has a record of seven won and one lost (before meeting St. Johns last night) despite the loss of all last year's regulars. The only loss was to LIU.

A capacity crowd is expected in the Capitol City tonight. Washington has shown that it welcomes Negro-white athletic contests with its enthusiastic receptions of the Henry Armstrong - Phil Pur and Joe Louis-Buddy Gaeer fights.

Members of the Brooklyn College team and Coach Muscian have expressed themselves as happy to be able to help end Jim Crow at a time when national unity of all Americans is needed in the fight against Hitlerism. . . . RODNEY.

Hail Capt. Colin Kelly As Bravest '41 Athlete

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30 (UP)—A West Point athlete who rode the skies to a hero's death in the battle of the Philippines—Capt. Colin P. Kelly, Jr.—held posthumous honors today "as the most valorous athlete of the year."

Kelly, an outstanding athlete of his class at the Academy, wrote the first courageous saga of American participation in the second world war when he blasted the Japanese battleship Haruna to the bottom of the Pacific.

He was honored at the Philadelphia sports writers' 38th annual dinner.

Col. John T. Taylor, Assistant Army Public Relations Director, accepted the trophy in behalf of Kelly's widow and infant son.

Joe Di Maggio, the New York Yankees clipper who set a new all-time record by hitting safely in 58 consecutive games, was named the year's outstanding athlete, while Hoppe, the veteran cusion who arose from a sick bed to win once again the world three cushion and balkline billiard championship, was honored as the "most courageous athlete."

Connie Mack, 79-year-old manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, predicted that the Chicago White Sox under Jimmy Dykes will be the best chance of dethroning the Yankees as champions of the American League.

It was Mack who two years ago predicted the Yankee downfall—and the Rupert rifles finished second to Detroit's Tigers.

The St. Louis Browns, Mack said, could be the "surprise team" of the year while Cleveland "make a race of it."

"The hale America physical program now is in full swing," national physical education director John R. Kelly said. "The only thing I hope is that sports will conduct 'business-as-usual' to help maintain America's morale."

Preview of '42

UNITY DANCE and REUNION

ALL STAR SHOW

Featuring

SAM MOSTEL, M.C.

BARD VON DER SCHELLING singing songs of the concentration camps

ALMANAC SINGERS

PENS & PENCILS CAST in a series of skits

Saturday, Feb. 21st WEBSTER HALL 119 East 11th Street

\$3e in advance • 99c at door

Suspended

Swing

in

a

Variety

of

Progressive

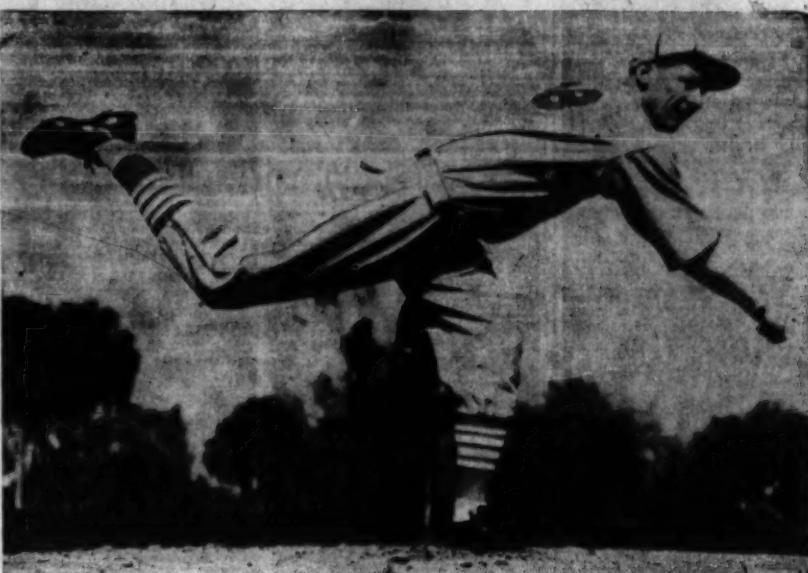
Swing

Arrangements

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1942

WAR PROBLEMS FACE BASEBALL MOGULS

Will Lon Come to Giants?



Here's one from the baseball rumor factory: the Giants desperately need a right-handed pitcher who can win 20 games for them next season. The Cardinals are over-stocked with rookie hurlers of great promise. Ergo, it is possible that Lon Warneke, veteran St. Louis pitcher, may come to the Polo Grounds next season in a deal to be consummated next week at the major-league meetings. Manager Mel Ott of the Giants dropped a hint to this effect the other day when he said that Warneke was one of the best pitchers in the National League.

Workers Like 1:15 A.M. Bouts

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 30.—Workers in local aircraft factories who do not quit until midnight are flocking to boxing bouts which begin at 1:15 A. M. One thousand of them, in work clothes and with box lunches under their arms, attended last night's program.

The first preliminary got under way at 1:15 A. M. and the final bout wasn't over until nearly 4 o'clock, but otherwise it might have been just another fight card to a casual spectator who forgot the time of day.

The bill was scheduled to fill part of the entertainment void for the forgotten second shift at the five plants of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation, whose evening begins when most people are asleep.

Horses Aid War

HIALEAH, Fla., Jan. 30 (UPI)—Miami Jockey Club officials scheduled a "war benefit" which included a parade of stars and a special handicap to celebrate President Roosevelt's birthday today. The day's gate receipts were turned over to war relief organizations.

DETROIT, Jan. 30—Mickey Cochrane, the famous Tiger catcher and former manager, has been accepted for service in the United States Navy as a lieutenant. Cochrane will serve in the Navy's health building program. He led the Tigers to a pennant in 1934 and to the world championship a year later.

Bettina Ready To Join Army

Although he has a brother in the navy and another in the army and is the sole support of his family, Melio Bettina, left-handed heavyweight contender from Beacon, N. Y., will not ask for a review of his new draft classification of 1-A unless his mother insists, Jimmy Grippo, his manager announces. Originally Melio was allocated in 1-B because of flat feet and defective teeth. The next Beacon quota is about 250 and will be called up around Feb. 1.

Frank Bettina, one brother, is in the Asiatic fleet, while Joe, a former fighter, is in the army. Two younger brothers are in school and the earnings of a sister are too meager to be of any value. Melio's father is unemployed and ill.

Mickey in Navy

DETROIT, Jan. 30—Mickey Cochrane, the famous Tiger catcher and former manager, has been accepted for service in the United States Navy as a lieutenant. Cochrane will serve in the Navy's health building program. He led the Tigers to a pennant in 1934 and to the world championship a year later.

BACK ILLINOIS BAN

In Illinois, a group has petitioned the Governor to force the abandonment of the sport during the war but no action has been taken. Similarly, in Kentucky several measures—all conflicting—have been introduced in the legislature but most horsemen predict that they will never emerge from committee.

LIU and NYU Play Tonite

New York University's basketball team faces Lehigh tonight in its final test before the important intra-city clash with St. Francis College in Madison Square Garden Wednesday night. Long Island University will attempt to shake its road-game jinx against Albright in Reading, Pa.

The N. Y. U.-Lehigh game is the seventh in a series which started in 1906, 36 years ago. Lehigh has a four to two edge over the Violet, having won the first encounters. This game is expected to take the rough edges off the Violet quintet, which hasn't practiced together at any time during the two-weeks examination period, and prepare them for the crucial St. Francis tilt.

Long Island University meets a pretty stiff test from Albright, which has won seven out of nine starts.

Win 18th Game

Christadona House added one more victory to its string on Thursday evening when its basketball team defeated Cornerside A. A. 26-19. This was the 18th win in 19 tries this season. The score was 16 to 4 at the end of the first half, as a result of Christadona's early spurt. Mark and Renert scored 7 points for the visitors, while Smith made 8 of the losers' tallies.

SENDER GARLIN

Daily Worker Columnist

Analyses the

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Sunday, February 1st

WORKERS SCHOOL

50 E. 13th St. 2nd Floor

Admission 25c

NICKELODEON NIGHTS

Has the villain, cheer the hero, at your next party or birthday gathering. Show "old time movies" for real fun! (For 16 mm silent projector.)

—Also—

Civilian Defense Films

To Stimulate Volunteer Activity

"On the spot" films of the home front in Britain, Canada, China, USSR

16 mm sound

Write Catalog DW Ffee

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The

SWAG

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